SYNTHESIS OF TETRAHYDROBENZIMIDAZOLE

DERIVATIVES

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Continuing our study of monoarlyhydrazones of di- and tricarbonyl compounds with the aim of synthesizing various heterocycles [1], we proposed a new method for the preparation of tetrahydrobenzimidazoles. The reductive acylation of cyclohexane-1,2-dione monophenylhydrazone gave 2-acetamidocyclohexanone (I), which is converted to high yields of 2-methyltetrahydrobenzimidazole (II) by the action of ammonium acetate in acetic acid.

3,5,5-Trimethyl-7-ketotetrahydrobenzimidazole (III) was similarly obtained from 5,5-dimethylcyclohexane-1,2,3-trione monophenylhydrazone. Treatment of the sodium derivative of III with bromoacetophenone and then with ammonium acetate in acetic acid gave the previously unknown 2,8,8-trimethyl-5-phenyl-7,8-dihydro-9H-pyrazino[3,2,1-h,i]benzimidazole (IV), which was isolated as the picrate.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} H_3C \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ \hline \\ CH_3 \\ CH_3$$

EXPERIMENTAL

2-Acetamidocyclohexanone (I). This compound was obtained in 71% yield as colorless crystals with mp 95-96° (from ether). Found: C 62.0; H 8.5; N 9.0%. C₈H₁₃NO₂. Calculated: C 61.9; H 8.4; N 9.0%.

2-Methyl-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzimidazole (II). This compound was obtained in 70.5% yield as white crystals with mp 220-221° (from alcohol) (mp 220-221° [2]).

2,5,5-Trimethyl-7-keto-4,5,6,7-tetrahydrobenzimidazole (III). This compound was obtained in 74% yield and had mp 113-114° (from benzene). Found: C 67.6; H 7.9; N 15.7%. $C_{10}H_{14}N_2O$. Calculated: C 67.4; H 7.9; N 15.7%.

LITERATURE CITED

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